

Evolveum

Policies and Rules in MidPoint

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Agenda

- Identity governance
- Governance policies
- Inside policies
- Policy Rules
- Compliance



Identity Governance and Administration (IGA)

- IGA is a bridge between business and cybersecurity
- High-level (business oriented) policies and rules
- Translating business policies to technical implementation
- Access control governance: **Why** does user have access?
- Responsibility: Who is **responsible** for what?
- Order: Maintaining **inventory** of all identities



Governance Policies

- Named set of rules with **business meaning**
- Examples:
 - Classifications: *public, restricted, TLP:Green, privileged access, ...*
 - Clearances: *NDA signed, security training passed, ...*
 - Approval: *approval by manager, approval by security team, require approver, ...*
 - Asset management: *require owner, require classification, ...*
 - Organizational management: *require manager, require staff, ...*
 - Combinations of all of the above

DEMO

Governance Policy: Require Owner

midPoint 4.10 (development)

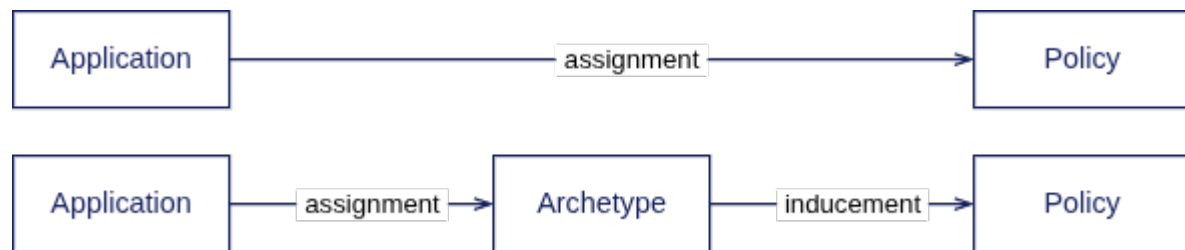
Configuration:

<https://github.com/Evolveum/midpoint-samples/tree/master/samples/compliance>

Documentation:

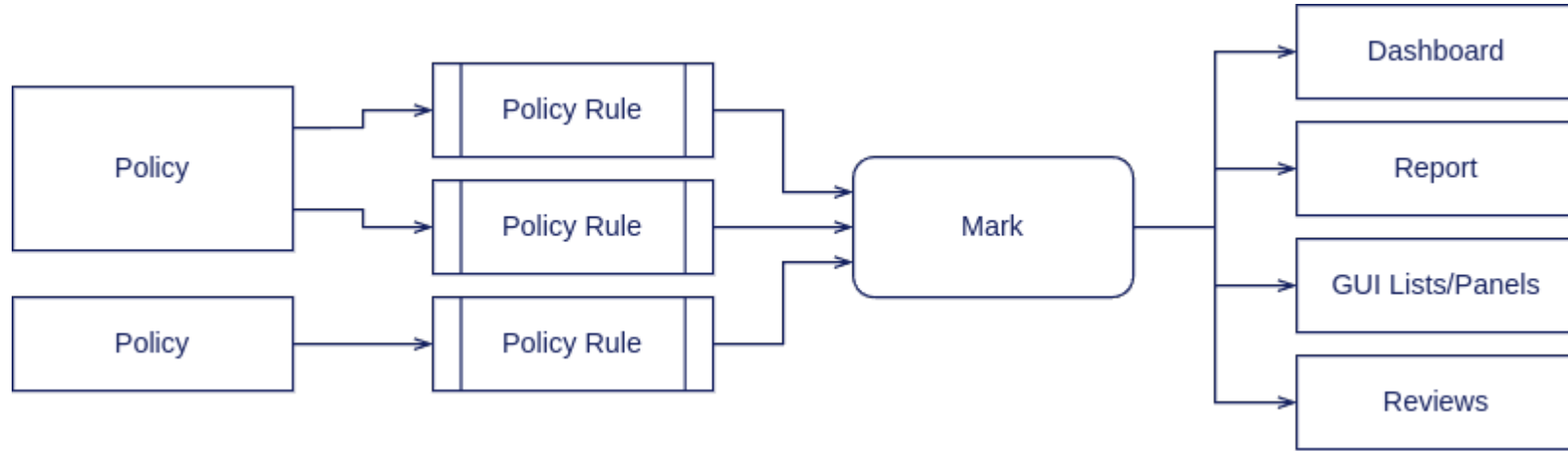
<https://docs.evolveum.com/midpoint/reference/master/roles-policies/policies/identity-governance-rules/>

Governance Policies



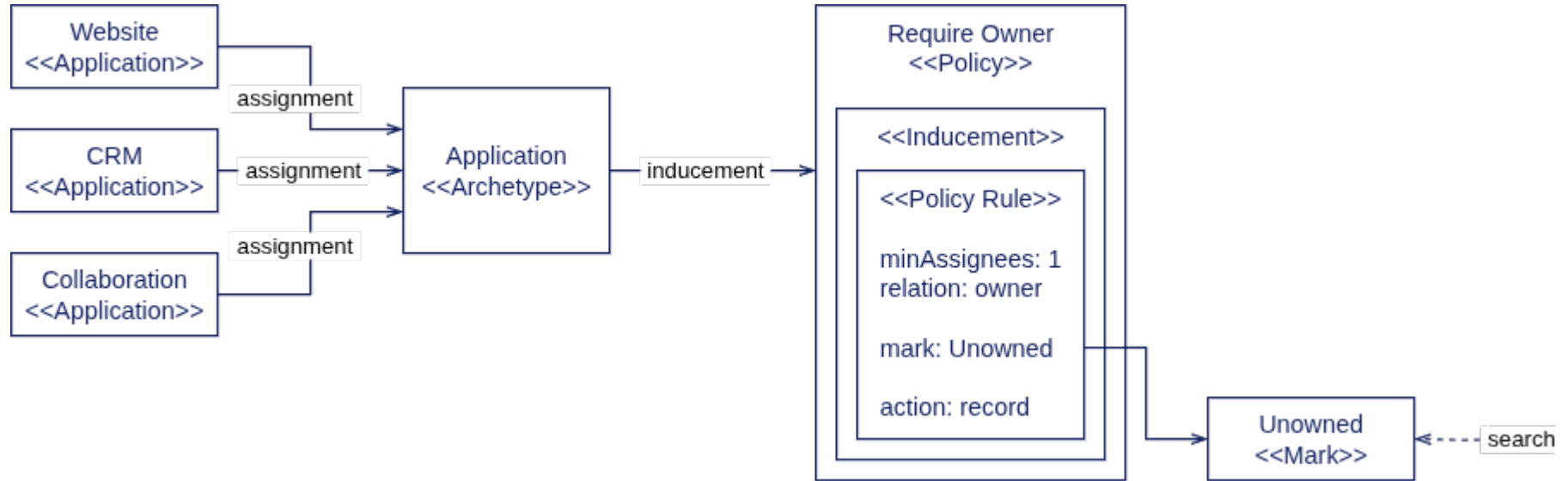
- **Business meaning:** name, description, etc.
- **Technical implementation:** policy rules
- Policies are meant to be **simple to use**: Just assign them to appropriate object and you are done
- **Combination** of policies: Use *inducement* in policies (similar to business roles)
- Mechanism **reuse**: Good old midPoint mechanisms applied in new situation (assignments, inducements, policy rules)

Inside Policies

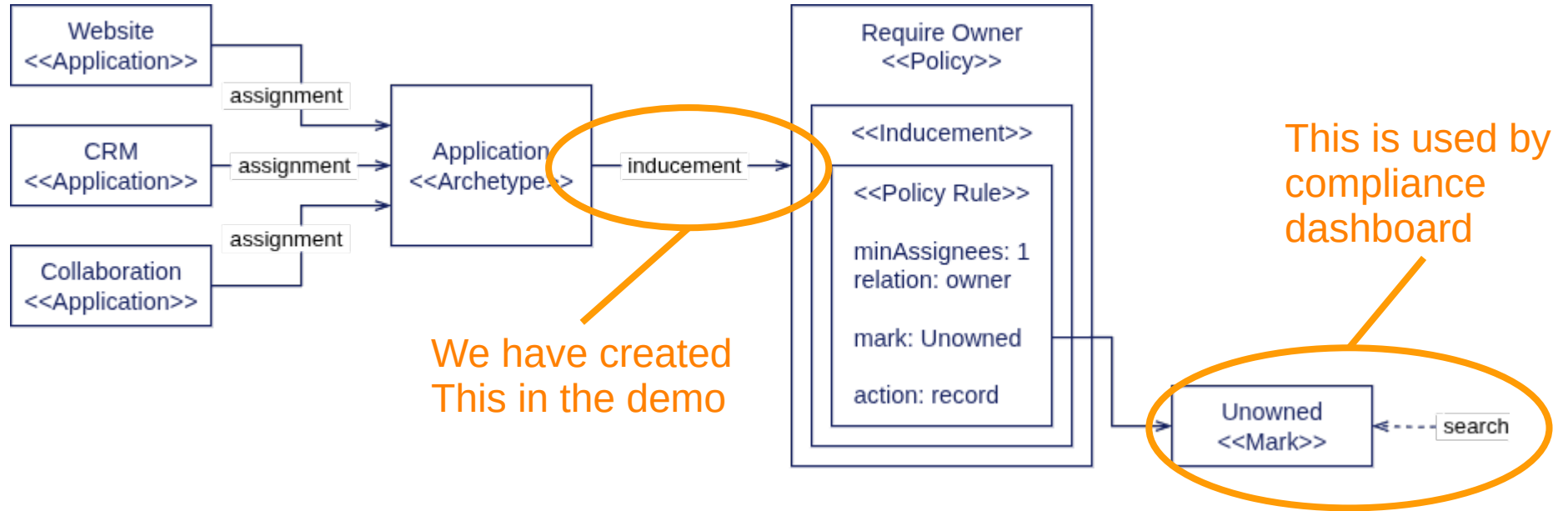


- **Policies** are made of **policy rules**
- **Policies** are business concept
- **Policy rules** are technical implementation
- **Marks** are used for searching, reporting and analytics

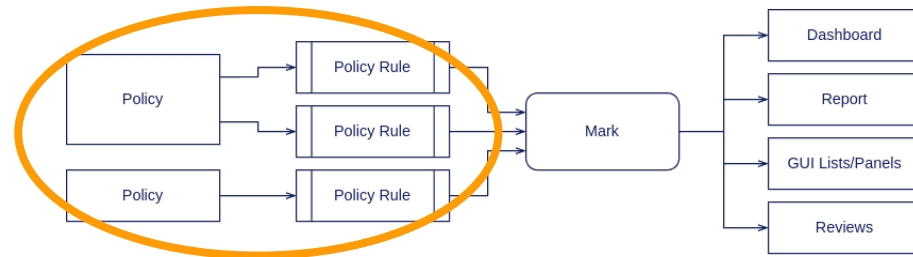
Example: Enforcing Application Owners



Example: Enforcing Application Owners



Example: Enforcing Application Owners



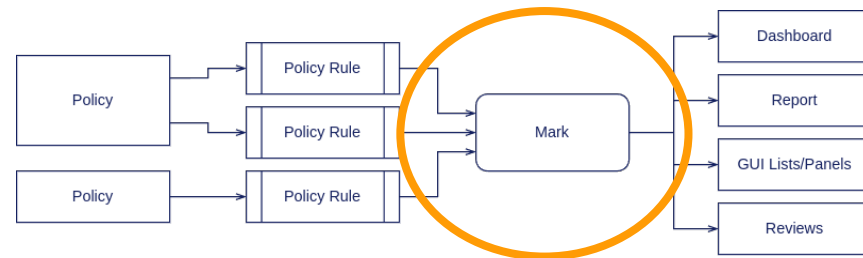
```
<policy oid="6451bca8-4035-4fb3-8ab1-5de14da59e18">
  <name>Require owner</name>
  ...
</inducement>
```

```
<policyRule>
  <policyConstraints>
    <minAssignees>
      <multiplicity>1</multiplicity>
      <relation>owner</relation>
    </minAssignees>
  </policyConstraints>
  <markRef oid="5508aca4-2aef-47a6-ad50-892389823c91"/> <!-- "Unowned" mark -->
  <policyActions>
    <record/>
  </policyActions>
  <evaluationTarget>object</evaluationTarget>
</policyRule>
```

Policy Rule

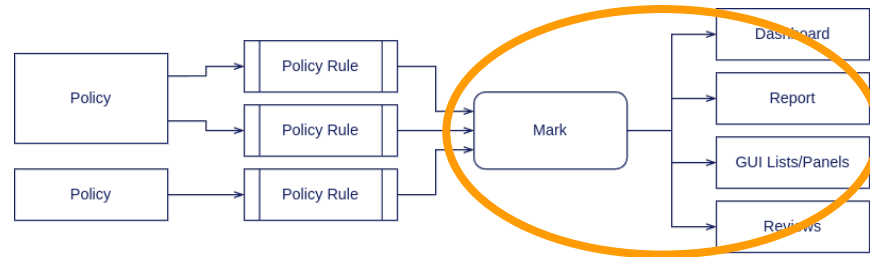
```
</inducement>
</policy>
```

Example: Enforcing Application Owners



```
<mark oid="5508aca4-2aef-47a6-ad50-892389823c91">
  <name>Unowned</name>
  <description>Mark for object which does not have an owner.</description>
  <display>
    <icon>
      <cssClass>fa fa-user-xmark</cssClass>
    </icon>
  </display>
  <assignment id="1">
    <identifier>archetype</identifier>
    <targetRef oid="00000000-0000-0000-0000-0000000000701" type="ArchetypeType"/>
  </assignment>
</mark>
```

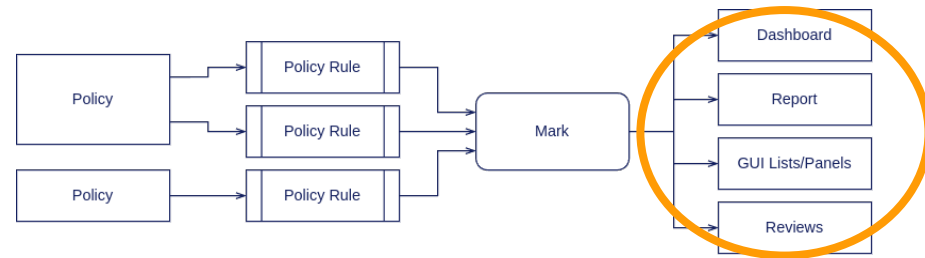
Example: Enforcing Application Owners



```
<mark oid="5508aca4-2aef-47a6-ad50-892389823c91">
  <name>Unowned</name>
  <description>Mark for object which does not have an owner.</description>
  <display>
    <icon>
      <cssClass>fa fa-user-xmark</cssClass>
    </icon>
  </display>
  <assignment id="1">
    <identifier>archetype</identifier>
    <targetRef oid="00000000-0000-0000-0000-0000000000701" type="ArchetypeType"/>
  </assignment>
</mark>
```

effectiveMarkRef matches (oid = "5508aca4-2aef-47a6-ad50-892389823c91")

Example: Enforcing Application Owners



```
<dashboard oid="f941f3fc-dcef-4415-9e79-ae56b185a501">
```

```
  ....
  <widget>
```

```
    ...
    <data>
```

```
      <sourceType>objectCollection</sourceType>
```

```
      <collection>
```

```
        <collectionRef oid="cc8c1397-e5c4-456c-bd98-f07b3dca97ec" type="ObjectCollectionType"/>
```

```
      </collection>
```

```
    </data>
```

```
    <presentation>
```

```
      <dataField>
```

```
        <fieldType>value</fieldType>
```

```
        <expression>
```

```
          <proportional>
```

```
            <style>value-only</style>
```

```
          </proportional>
```

```
        </expression>
```

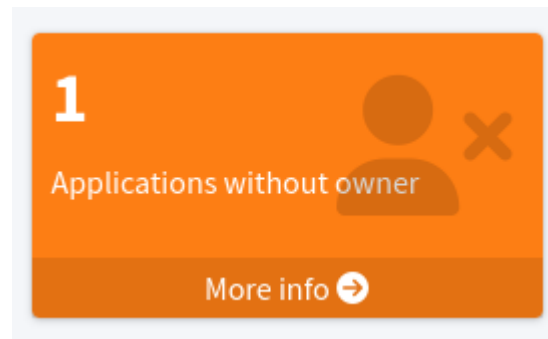
```
      </dataField>
```

```
    </presentation>
```

```
  </widget>
```

```
</dashboard>
```

<!-- "Unowned applications" collection -->



Policy Rules

- Policy rules: technical implementation of policies
- Evaluated on object recompute (which also includes creation and modification)
- Can be applied to objects in several ways:
 - assignments, inducements, RBAC, meta-roles, archetypes
 - global rules
- Used to implement midPoint features (since midPoint 3.6)
 - Access request process & approvals
 - Segregation of Duties (SoD)
 - Micro-certifications



Policy Rule Structure

- **Constraint**

- *When* should be rule triggered?
- requirement, exclusion, minAssignees, modification, assignment, ...

- **Mark**

- How to *mark* affected objects?

- **Action**

- *What* the rule should do when triggered?
- enforcement, record, approval, ...

<https://docs.evolveum.com/midpoint/reference/master/roles-policies/policies/policy-rules/>

*) Unfortunately, documentation is incomplete. Your best option is to look at schema definition (`common-policy-3.xsd`).
Look for `PolicyActionTypes` and `PolicyActionTypes`.

Example: Require Owner Policy Rule

```
<policy oid="6451bca8-4035-4fb3-8ab1-5de14da59e18">  
  <name>Require owner</name>  
  ...  
</inducement>
```

```
<policyRule>
```

```
  <policyConstraints>
```

```
    <minAssignees>
```

```
      <multiplicity>1</multiplicity>
```

```
      <relation>owner</relation>
```

Constraint

```
    </minAssignees>
```

```
  </policyConstraints>
```

Rule

```
  <markRef oid="5508aca4-2aef-47a6-ad50-892389823c91"/>
```

Mark

```
  <policyActions>
```

```
    <record/>
```

Action

```
  </policyActions>
```

```
  <evaluationTarget>object</evaluationTarget>
```

```
</policyRule>
```

```
</inducement>
```

```
</policy>
```


Policy Rule Constraints (selection)

- **minAssignees**: trigger when not enough objects have assignments to me
- **maxAssignees**: trigger when too many objects have assignments to me
- **hasAssignment**: trigger when I do have inappropriate assignment
- **hasNoAssignment**: trigger when I do not have appropriate assignment
- **requirement**: require that this object has be assigned together with other object
- **exclusion**: prohibit this object to be assigned together with other object (SoD)
- **modification**: trigger on modification (used to implement change management)
- **assignment**: trigger on change of assignments (used to implement role request approval)

Policy Rule Actions (selection)

- **enforcement**: strict enforcement, stop the action if rule is violated
- **record**: record violations by setting the mark
- **approval**: suspend the action, ask for approval
- **prune**: remove any conflicting assignments to avoid violation
- **certification**: start ad-hoc certification campaign (micro-certification)

Policy Rule Examples

Rule	Constraint	Action
Require owner	minAssignees: 1 relation: owner	report
Require classification	hasNoAssignment targetArchetypeRef: Classification	report
Require NDA	requirement <i>+ specific OID of NDA clearance</i>	report enforcement
Approval by manager	assignment	approval <i>+ expression</i>
Require org manager	minAssignees: 1 relation: manager	report
Segregation of duties (SoD)	exclusion <i>+ specific OID of excluded role</i>	report enforcement

Gradual Enforcement of Policies

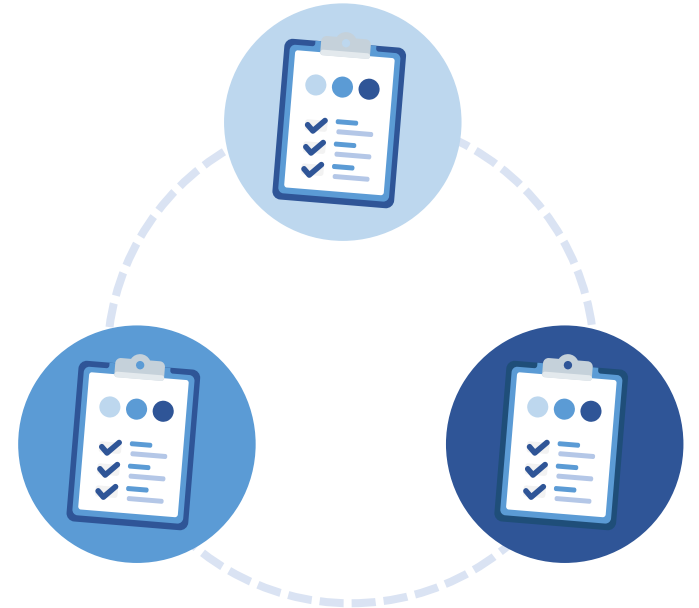
- Create a policy and immediately enforce it: **bad idea!**
- There are going to be existing violations that need to be addressed first
- Immediate enforcement will make a lot of people angry
- Report & address violations first, enforce later



<https://docs.evolveum.com/midpoint/reference/master/roles-policies/policies/gradual-policy-enforcement/>

Gradual Enforcement of Policies

- 1 **Define** policy, set action to **record**
- 2 **Analyze**, report and dashboard violations (marked objects)
- 3 **Address** the violations (take your time)
- 4 **Enforce** the policy
 - Set policy rule action to **enforce**, or
 - Watch for policy violations using reports and dashboards



<https://docs.evolveum.com/midpoint/reference/master/roles-policies/policies/gradual-policy-enforcement/>

Global Policy Rules

- Policy rules that are applied all the time
- Specified in system configuration
- Usually constrained to selection of objects (**focusSelector**, **targetSelector**)



Global Policy Rule Example: Default role approval rule

```
<systemConfiguration>
  ...
  <globalPolicyRule>
    <name>role-approval-approver-relation</name>
    <policyConstraints>
      <assignment>
        <operation>add</operation>
      </assignment>
    </policyConstraints>
    <policyActions>
      <approval>
        ...
        <approvalSchema> ... </approvalSchema>
        ...
      </approval>
    </policyActions>
    <focusSelector>
      <type>UserType</type>
    </focusSelector>
    <targetSelector>
      <type>RoleType</type>
    </targetSelector>
  </globalPolicyRule>
  ...
</systemConfiguration>
```



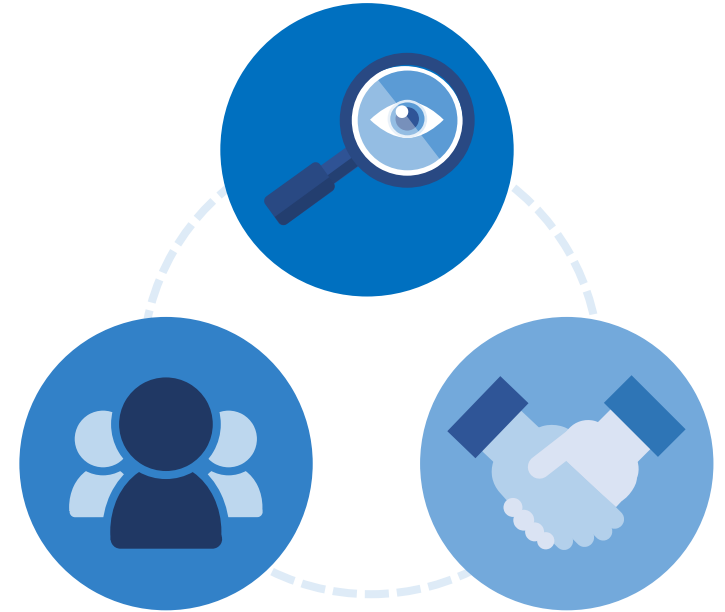
Policy Rule Best Practice

- Place policy rules in Policy objects
- Place policy rules in Policy objects
- Place policy rules in Policy objects
- Set (persistent) names for rules and inducements
- **enforcement** can be very strict, use **report** instead
- evaluationTarget: object
- Do not overuse global rules
- Do not forget to recompute objects

```
<policy>
  <name>Require owner</name>
  ...
  <inducement>
    <identifier>policy-require-owner</identifier>
    <policyRule>
      <name>rule-require-owner</name>
      <policyConstraints>
        <minAssignees>
          <multiplicity>1</multiplicity>
          <relation>owner</relation>
        </minAssignees>
      </policyConstraints>
      <markRef oid="5508aca4-2aef-47a6-ad50-8923898">
        <policyActions>
          <record/>
        </policyActions>
      </markRef>
      <evaluationTarget>object</evaluationTarget>
    </policyRule>
  </inducement>
</policy>
```


From Policy Rules to Business-Oriented Policies

- Mere set of rules is not a policy
- Policy is set of rules with **business meaning**
 - Name, description, documentation, etc.
- Policy needs to be **understandable** to business users
- Policies need to be **maintained**
 - Owner, reviews, change management
- Apply policies in the same way as you apply roles
 - Assignments, inducement, archetypes, orgs



Policies for Compliance

- Visibility is a foundation of cybersecurity compliance
- Policies, rules and dashboards provide visibility
- *Continuous auditing*
- MidPoint 4.10 initial objects (archetypes, policies, compliance dashboard)
- Compliance framework references
- This is just a start, lot of potential



<policy>

<name>Require owner</name>

<description>

Policy requiring affected objects to have an owner.

</description>

<documentation>

When this policy is applied, the affected Objects are required to have an owner. Objects with no owner are marked with "Unowned" mark.

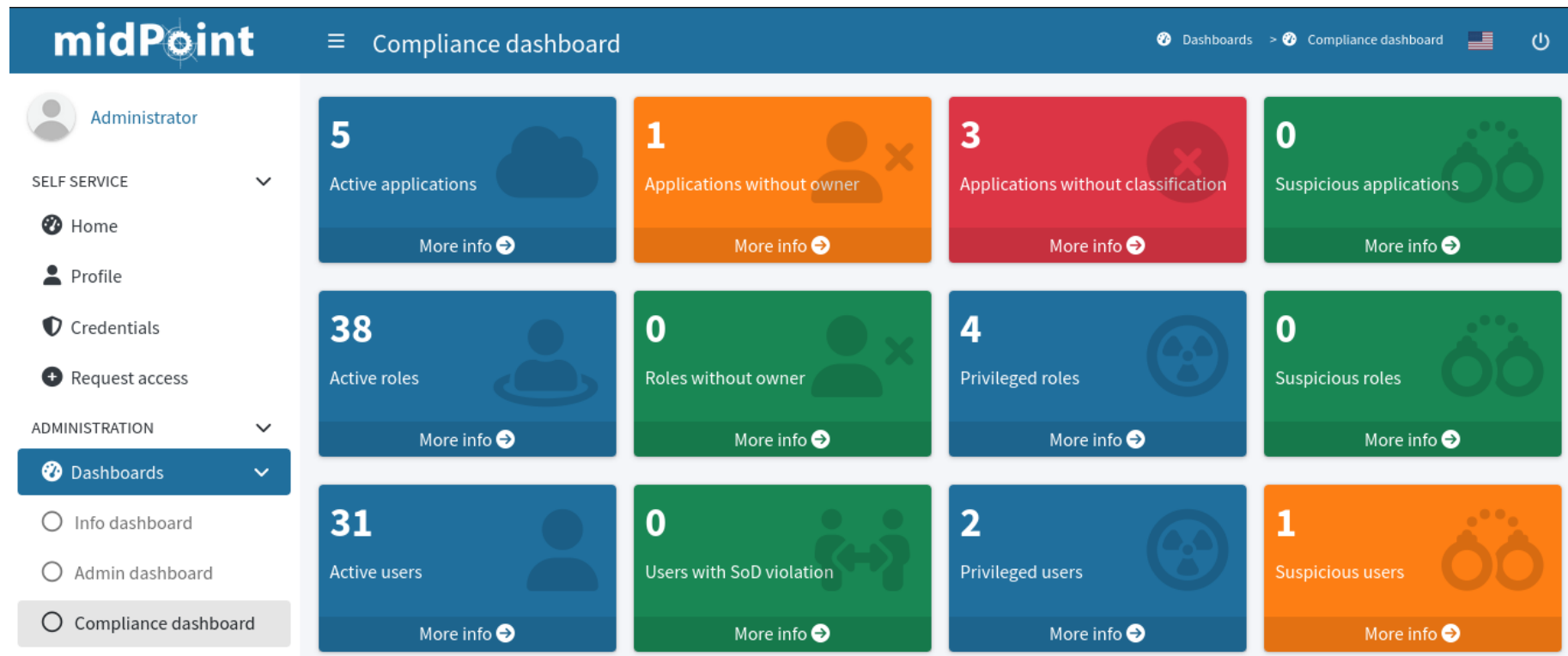
(ISO27001/A.5.1, ISO27001/A.5.2, ISO27001/A.5.9, ISO27001/A.5.36)

</documentation>

...

</policy>

Compliance Dashboard



Color code: blue = info, green = compliant, orange = warning, red = non-compliant

Demo Configuration

- Demo: Compliance Policy Rules
- Works on midPoint 4.10 (development)
- Configuration:
MidPoint Studio project, see README
<https://github.com/Evolveum/midpoint-samples/tree/master/samples/compliance>
- Documentation:
<https://docs.evolveum.com/midpoint/reference/master/roles-policies/policies/identity-governance-rules/>
- Part of the configuration will be provided out-of-the-box (initial objects) in midPoint 4.10
- Note: Make sure to turn off default approval (workflow) algorithm
- See also: *Regulatory Compliance with MidPoint* webinar recording (June 2025)

Note: Demo configuration was updated since that webinar



Cybersecurity Made In Europe

- Founded by European Cyber Security Organisation (ECSO)
- European companies (ownership and R&D)
- Cybersecurity requirements (ENISA)
- Our commitment to EU legislation compliance (e.g. Cyber Resilience Act, AI Act, GDPR, ...)
- European digital sovereignty



Conclusion

- IGA is a bridge between business and cybersecurity
- Policies: set of rules with **business meaning**
- Policy rules: powerful mechanism to implement policies
- Pre-configured policies in midPoint 4.10
- Starting point for compliance automation
- Documentation

<https://docs.evolveum.com/midpoint/reference/master/roles-policies/policies/identity-governance-rules/>





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Questions & Answers

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